

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY

0610/62 March 2017

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

•	separates marking points
1	alternatives
I	ignore
R	reject
Α	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
AVP	any valid point
ecf	credit a correct statement/calculation that follows a previous wrong response
ora	or reverse argument
()	the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
<u>underline</u>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(a)(i)	 table drawn with appropriate lines and number of cells; column and row headings and appropriate units for each heading; correct measurements; correct calculations of change in length; 	4	 R units in any data cell A cm or mm (if data correct) A ecf from incorrect data measurements
1(a)(ii)	possible that different initial lengths ; <i>ref to</i> percentage change (in length) ;	1	
1(b)(i)	BDAC;;	2	
1(b)(ii)	 B gained, water ; (because B) was, hard/larger/AW ; C/A, lost, water ; (because C) was most, floppy/soft/small/AW ; D/A, were between B and C in terms of, length/texture ; A, bent more/smaller than, D ; ora no (net) movement of water in D ; AW 	3	
1(b)(iii)	 reuse of syringe ; use clean/new, syringes each time ; water loss from tubes ; cover tubes (prevent evaporation) ; potatoes may not be same, type/age/AW ; use same potato/type of potato etc. ; softness/bending, was not quantified ; described method to quantify, bending/softness ; AVP ; 	2	
1(b)(iv)	initial, length/diameter/size/surface area, of potato/type/ age/AW, of potato/volume/25 cm ³ , of (sucrose) solution/ soaking time ;	1	I amount I time unqualified

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance			
1(c)(i)	<i>idea that</i> (mass) change, would be greater/takes a longer time (so easier to measure) ; allows more time to reach equilibrium ;	1				
1(c)(ii)	surface water would not affect measurement of length;	1				
1(c)(iii)	 Axes – correct axes with axes labels and units ; Scale – even scale and points fill more than half of printed grid ; Plotting- plots all accurate ± half a small square ; Line ; 	4	 A x: concentration/g per dm³ OR concentration/g dm⁻³ y: percent(age) change in mass OR change in mass/% R extrapolation/feathered line 			
1(c)(iv)	 any indication on graph where their expected line intercepts <i>x</i>-axis ; value from graph in g per dm³ ; 	2				
1(c)(v)	(potatoes) of different, age/variety/part/AW ; to calculate an average/identify anomalies ;	1	I mass/size, of potato			

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(a)	 O – outline of petals with clear unbroken lines and no shading anywhere ; S – size to fill at least half available space ; D – detail shown ; P – correct proportion ; 	4	
2(b)(i)	15(mm)±1;	1	A 1.5 <u>cm</u>
2(b)(ii)	(actual length = 15 ÷ 2) 7.5 (mm) ;;	2	A ecf for measurement
2(c)	 at least 3 different temperatures ; method described to maintain (range of) temperature(s) ; suitable named time period to count number of seeds germinated ; 4&5 named controlled variables ;; (method to) maintain water levels ; at least 3 dishes per temperature/minimum of 5 seeds per dish ; optimum temperature would have most number of seeds germinated / record at which temperature most seeds germinated / temperature where seeds germinated fastest ; AVP ; 	6	 A record time for all seeds to germinate A amount of water ; amount oxygen ; humidity ; species / type / variety, of seed ; mass / size / age / number, of seed ; pH ; (measurement) period ; A e.g. cover dishes / repeat watering regularly A e.g. repeat experiment near the optimum temperature
2(d)(i)	cut/mash/crush, the seed (in water)/AW; add iodine solution;	2	
2(d)(ii)	blue-black colour ;	1	
2(d)(iii)	 Benedict's reagent ; (with Benedict's reagent) heat ; 	2	